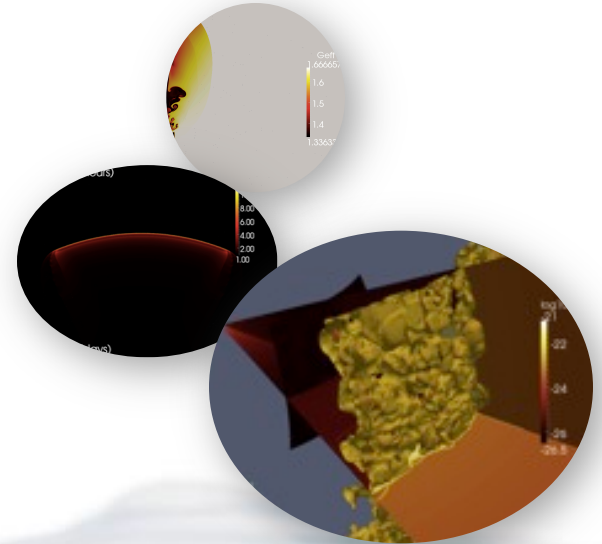


Stellar bubbles dynamics in the presence of cosmic ray

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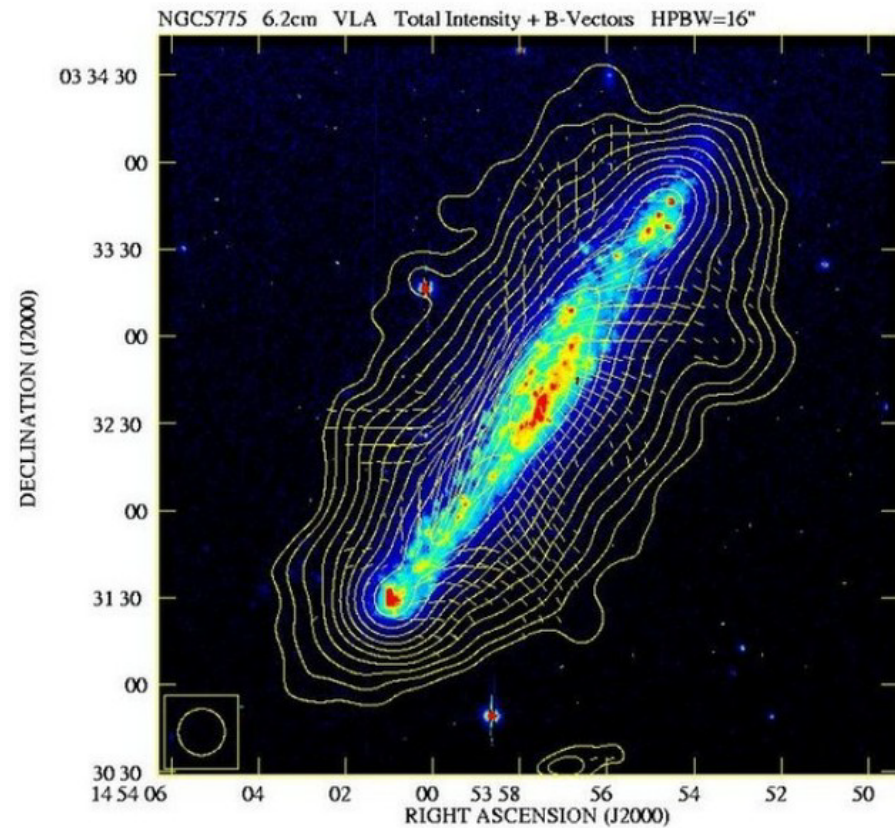
•L'Université de
Montpellier

Outline of the talk

Motivations

Cosmic Ray fluid description

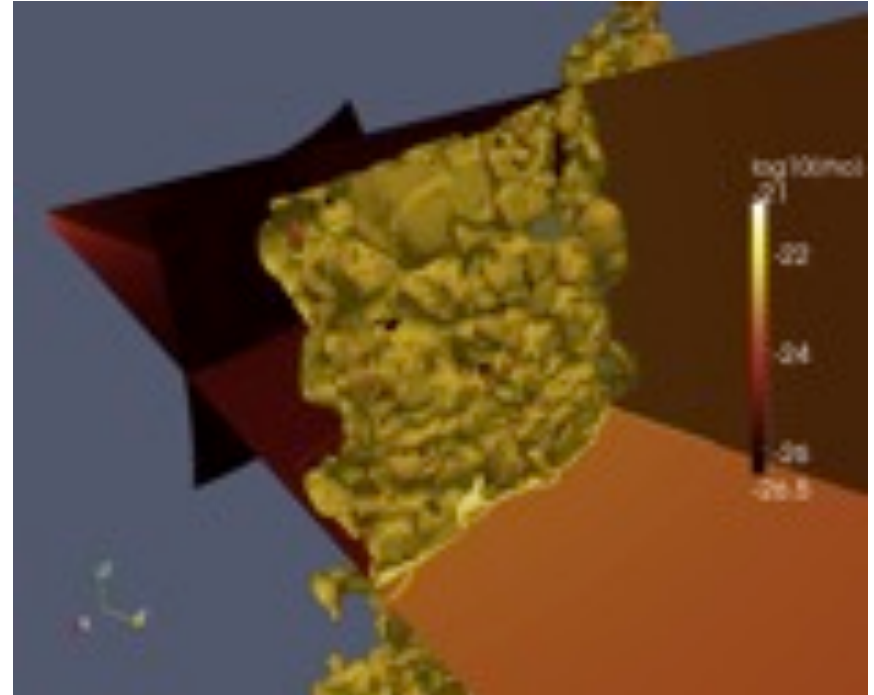
CR effect on stellar bubble

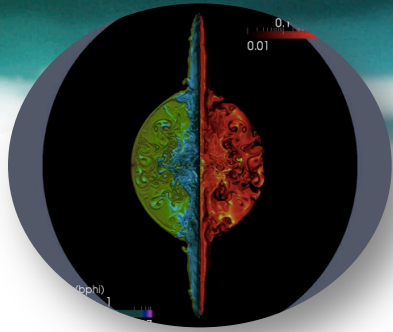


Introduction – Cosmic Ray- Circumstellar medium

Subject to strong interaction gas-cosmic ray

- Wind-ISM interaction
- Cosmic Rays energy reservoir
- Cosmic Rays induce anisotropic pressure.





Two-fluid implementation of Cosmic Ray

Cosmic ray in ISM and fluid description

- Cosmic Ray R are mostly generate by SN, with 10% of the thermal SN energy (Ackermann 2013)
- Cosmic Ray has same energy as magnetic fields and turbulence (Ferriere 2001)
- Inefficient cooling
- Coupling CRs-gas is indirect via magnetic fields
- CRs diffuse along the magnetic fields



Super wind in M82
(NASA/JPL-Caltech/STScI/CXC/UfoA)

Fluid description of Cosmic ray

- Momentum transfer through pressure gradient
- Heat gas at : v grad (Pressure of CR)
- Diffusion along the magnetic field (is $3/5 \times 10^{28} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ at energies around 1GeV (Strong et al. 2007))
- Cosmic ray is described by relativistic equation of state ($\Gamma=4/3$)

Two-fluid description

$$\partial \rho / \partial t + \nabla \rho \cdot v = 0,$$

$$\partial \rho v / \partial t + \nabla \cdot (\rho v v + p_{tot}) = 0,$$

$$\partial e_{tot} / \partial t + \nabla \cdot [(e_{tot} + p_{tot})v] = \nabla \cdot (D \nabla (e_{cr})),$$

$$\partial e_{cr} / \partial t + \nabla \cdot [(e_{cr} + p_{cr})v] = v \cdot \nabla p_{cr} + \nabla \cdot (D \nabla e_{cr}).$$

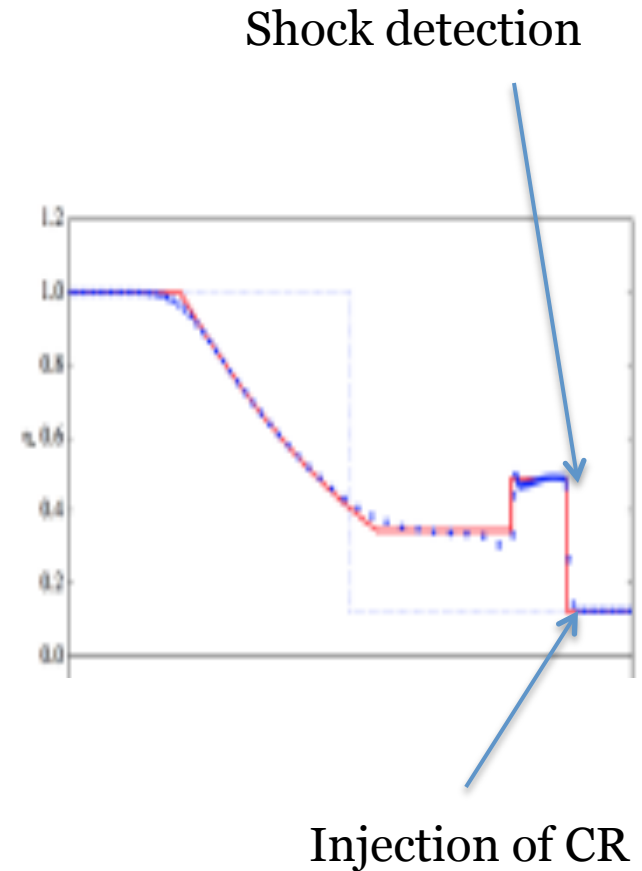
Hanasz & Lesch 2003

- ρ : gas density
- v : gas speed
- $p_{tot} = p_{gas} + p_{cr}$: total pressure
- p_{cr} : cosmic ray pressure
- e_{cr} : cosmic ray energy.

Implementation for choc CR injection

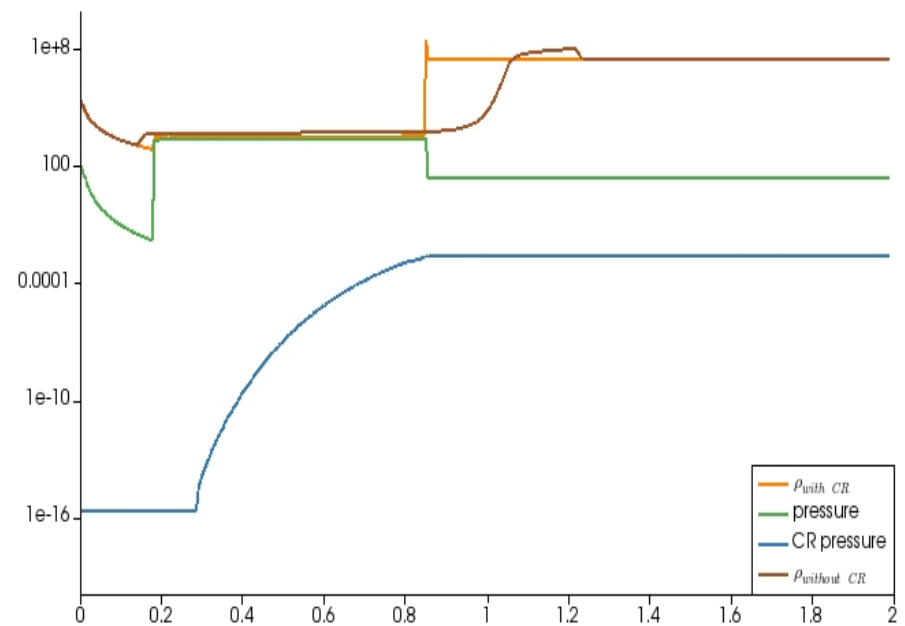
Case: CR are injected at the chocs

- Fraction of the thermal energy realised at the choc is transferred to Cosmic Ray pressure
- Injection region scale of order of CR diffusion distance around choc
- CR injected mainly in low-cooling shocks.



Effect of ISM CR pressure

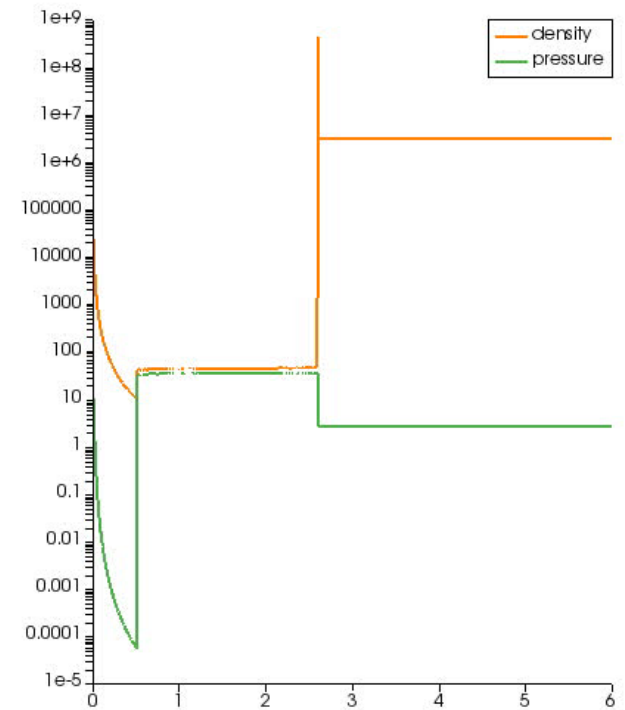
- Decelerate the shock propagation
- Decrease cooling of the shocked ISM



Effect of CR on shocks (without cooling)

Low injection of CR and shocks doesn't effect

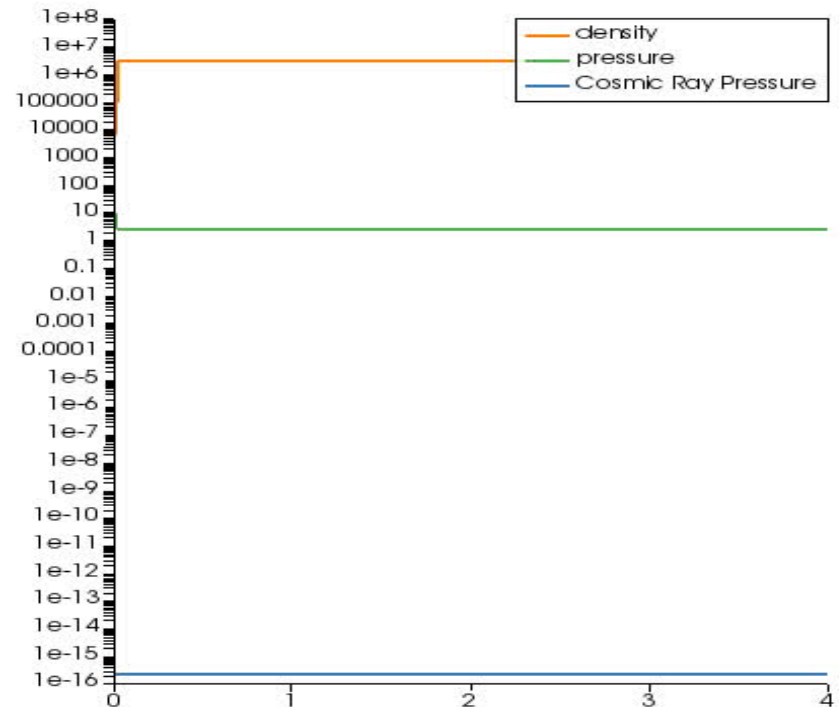
Increase of CR injection at shocks induce a compression of the shock

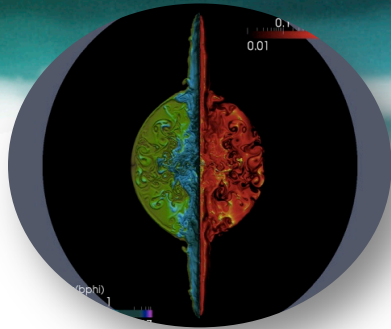


Effect of CR on shocks (with cooling)

The injection of CR at shocks

- Decrease in gas temperature at the shock
- Competition between CR and gas cooling





Circumstellar medium of massive star

- CR limit the bubble size.
- WORK IN PROGRESS